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south of an unnamed unimproved road, T22N, R14W (Iron Peak Quadrangle); then

- (9) Proceed straight north along the section line to the southeast corner of section 3, T22N, R14W (Iron Peak Quadrangle); then
- (10) Proceed straight west along the section line to the southwest corner of section 3, T22N, R14W (Iron Peak Quadrangle); then
- (11) Proceed straight north along the section line to the northwest corner of section 3, T22N, R14W (Iron Peak Quadrangle); then
- (12) Proceed straight east along the section line, crossing the Eel River, to the northeast corner of section 2, which coincides with the Round Valley Indian Reservation's southern boundary, T22N, R14W (Iron Peak Quadrangle): then
- (13) Proceed straight south along the section line to the southeast corner of section 2, T22N, R14W (Iron Peak Quadrangle); then
- (14) Proceed 0.3 mile straight east to the section line's intersection with the 2,000-foot elevation line along the northern boundary of section 12, T22N, R14W, west of Eberle Ridge, (Iron Peak Quadrangle); and
- (15) Proceed generally southeast along the meandering 2,000-foot elevation, crossing onto the Covelo West map and continuing southerly along the 2,000-foot contour line from Stoner Creek in section 18, T22N, R13W, and, returning to the Dos Rios map, continue southeasterly along the 2,000-foot contour line (crossing Goforth and Poonkinny Creeks), to the beginning point at the contour line's intersection with Poonkinny Road.

 $[\mathrm{T.D.}\ \mathrm{TTB}\text{--}34,\ 70\ \mathrm{FR}\ 59995,\ \mathrm{Oct.}\ 14,\ 2005]$ 

## §9.176 Capay Valley.

- (a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Capay Valley".
- (b) Approved maps. The appropriate map for determining the boundary of the Capay Valley viticultural area is the United States Geological Survey (U.S.G.S.) topographic map titled: 30X60 Minute Quadrangle (Healdsburg, California 1972) (Scale: 1:100,000).
- (c) Boundaries. The Capay Valley viticultural area is located in Yolo

County, California. The beginning point is the junction of the Yolo, Napa, and Lake County lines.

- (1) From the beginning point, proceed north then east along the Yolo-Lake County line;
- (2) At the junction of the Yolo, Lake, and Colusa County lines, continue east along the Yolo-Colusa County line to its junction with the boundary between ranges R4W and R3W;
- (3) Then south along the R4W and R3W boundary to its junction with the 250 meter contour line;
- (4) Proceed generally southeast along the meandering 250 meter contour line to its junction with the T10N-T11N section line:
- (5) Continue east along the T10N-T11N section line to the unnamed north-south secondary highway known locally as County Road 85;
- (6) Then south along County Road 85, crossing Cache Creek, to its intersection with State Highway 16;
- (7) Proceed east on Highway 16 to its junction with the unnamed north-south light duty road known locally as County Road 85B;
- (8) Then south on County Road 85B to its junction with the unnamed eastwest light duty road known locally as County Road 23;
- (9) Proceed west on County Road 23 for approximately 500 feet to an unnamed light duty road known locally as County Road 85;
- (10) Proceed south on County Road 85 until the road ends and continue south in a straight line to the T9N-T10N section line:
- (11) Then west on the T9N-T10N section line to the Napa-Yolo County line;
- (12) Continue northwest following the Napa-Yolo county line and return to the starting point.

[T.D. ATF-486, 67 FR 77924, Dec. 20, 2002]

## §9.177 Alexandria Lakes.

- (a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Alexandria Lakes".
- (b) Approved maps. The appropriate maps for determining the boundary of the Alexandria Lakes viticultural area are four United States Geological Survey 1:24,000 scale topographic maps. They are titled: